

Schutz 8.1.

ϕ spherically symmetric $\rightarrow \phi = \phi(r)$

$\vec{\nabla} \phi(r)$ is a vector / 1-form.

Gauss's law tells us

$$\int_{\text{Sphere}} \vec{\nabla} \phi(r) \cdot d\vec{a} = \int_{\text{Sphere}} \vec{\nabla}^2 \phi(r) d^3x$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \phi(r) \cdot d\vec{a} = \frac{d\phi}{dr},$$

The prompt gives $\vec{\nabla}^2 \phi = 4\pi G\rho$, so we have

$$\frac{d\phi}{dr} (4\pi r^2) = 4\pi G \int \rho(\vec{x}) d^3x$$

\Rightarrow

$$\frac{d\phi(r)}{dr} = \frac{G}{r^2} \int \rho(\vec{x}) d^3x$$

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